REVIEW REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2019

INDEX

	Exhibit	Page
Board of Director's Report		2
Report on review of consolidated interim financial information		3 - 5
Consolidated interim statement of financial		
position as at 30 June 2019	A	6
Consolidated interim statement of profit or loss		
for the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019	В	7 - 8
Consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income for the period from		
1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019	В	9
Consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the		
period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019	C	10
Consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the period		
from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019	D	11 - 12
	Notes	
Notes to consolidated interim financial statements	1 - 24	13 - 43

AL KHAZNA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

Report of the Board of Directors
For the six months period ended on 30 June 2019

The Board of Directors of Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C. is pleased to submit its second quarterly report of 2019 together with the interim financial information for the six-month period ended on 30 June 2019.

The main highlights of the Group's financial results are summarized as follows:

- The Gross Written Premium showing AED 46,395 for the six months period ended on 30 June 2019, drop in Gross Written Premium is due to the ongoing restriction over Insurance policies issuance from the Insurance Authority.
- The underwriting loss for the period ended 30th June 2019 is AED 5.08million in comparison with loss of AED 8.09 million for the six months period ended on 30 June 2018.
- The net investment results for the period registered a profit of AED 17.10 million for the six months Period ended on 30 June 2019 against AED 9.64million for the six months period ended on 30 June 2018.
- The net profit for the six months' period ended on 30 June 2019 has increased to AED 6.89 million compared to a loss of AED 3.43 million for the six months period ended on 30 June 2018.
- The total assets of the Group stood at AED 501.84 million as of 30 June 2019 against AED 548.26 million as of 31 December 2018.
- The total capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders are AED 106.77 million as of 30 June 2019 against AED 105.23 million on 31 December 2018.
- Furthermore the shareholders of Al Khazna Insurance Company have approved the
 capital restructuring measures during the last AGM to reduce the accumulated losses.
 The Board of Directors and the Management of the company are continuing the strict
 measures for restructuring the investment and streamlining the operations of the
 group.

Director



Global Company for Auditing and Accounting

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REPORT ON REVIEW AND INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Shareholders'
Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C
United Arab Emirates

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements of Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C, as at 30 June 2019 which comprise the consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019 and the related consolidated interim statement of profit or loss, related consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income, related consolidated interim statement of changes in equity and consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019 and explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 consolidated interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standards on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of consolidated interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the group." A review of financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Disclaimer Conclusion

As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated interim financial statements, as of the end of the reporting period, the Group's cash flows used in operating activities amounting to AED 37,315,828 and accumulated losses exceeded 50% of the share capital.

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tagi.com tagco.abudhabi@tagi.com شارع زاید الأول (الکترا)، برج جلوبال الطابق الثالث، مکتب رقم ۳۰۳۰۳ + هاتف: ۲۰/۱ ۲ ۲۷۲۴ + فاکس: ۳۰،۲۹۷۲ ۲ ۲/۲۲۵۲ ۲ ۲۹۲+ ص.ب: ۲۹۵ أبو ظبي، الإمارات العربية المتحدة

REPORT ON REVIEW AND INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

- A revised Management's plan and cash flow forecasts with revised dates for submission of the Corrective Plan and disposal of assets has been approved by the Board of Directors as of the date of this report. The cash flow forecasts include assumptions related to non-enforcement of the terms of the loan agreement in respect of recovering the whole outstanding loan balance including the forgiven amount and interest, and the group disposed property worth of 17.6 Millions in second quarter of 2018 and planning to dispose more in the year 2019.
- The group's Registration Certificates with Insurance Authority expired. As of the date of the issuance of these consolidated interim financial statements, these certificates have not yet been renewed by the group.
- The Insurance authorities suspension is prevailing till the reporting date and the group had appointed a third party consultant for the corrective proposal.
- We were not provided with documentation related to these assumptions to support the appropriateness of the consolidated interim financial statements being prepared using the going concern basis of accounting. Consequently, we were unable to confirm or dispel whether it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated interim financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting.
- During the period the Group has incurred penalties from the Federal Tax Authority amounting to AED 5,559,531 due to not submitting payments of due taxes, while total penalties as of the date of the report were AED 20,320,728.

Further, as disclosed in Note 1 to the consolidated interim financial statements:

- The consolidated interim financial statements includes the assets, liabilities and operating result for the subsideries company in which it has not audited by independent auditor and we can not satisfy our self by other audit proceedure if the operating result of these subsideries will materially effect the consolidated interim financial statements.

Further, as disclosed in Note 6 to the consolidated interim financial statements:

- The Group's investment properties include two plots of land with a carrying value of AED 89.5 million as of 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018 : AED 90.4 million) for which the master developer did not transfer the titles to the name of the group, pending the settlement of title's transferes fees. We were unable to determine whether any adjustments to this amount were necessary.
- During the 2nd quarter of 2019, the statutory deposit of the group was liquidated by an amount of AED 5,849,989 which has been transferred to the court's treasury against settlement of claims cases. This reduction in the statotury deposit caused that the Group non-complience with the federal low No. 6 of 2007 concerning Insurance companies and agents.



REPORT ON REVIEW AND INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

- We would like to draw attention to Note 9 &18 of financial statements in which the group written back an amount of AED 10,183,873 from provision for impairment of receivables to other income, we did not receive sufficient and appropriate audit evidence for the written back of provision and the collectability of the related amount.
- With refer to Note 7 (b) to the financial statement that provide details of the company's investment designated through other comprehensive income amounting to AED 40,294,334 in which shares amounting to AED 39,596,287 were frozen by Abu Dhabi court for urgent matters.
- We did not receive confirmation for the ownership of the shares in Al Firdouse amounting to AED 42,000 Note 7 (b) registered in the name of Pearl Capital.
- During the 2nd quarter, the Group has defaulted in repayment of one loan installment which lead the bank to file a case against the Group claiming the total amount outstanding and previously forgiven amount of AED 39.4 million plus interest as per one of the covenants of the loan agreement.we didnt receive sufficient audit evidence on how the group will meet its future obligation.

Disclaimer of conclusion

Based on due to the significant of the matter described in the basis of disclaimer of conclusion section, we were unable to form a conclusion on the accompanying interim financial information accordingly, we do not express a conclusion on this interim financial information.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

We are required to report on the application of the provisions of the UAE Federal Law No. (2) of 2015 and the Articles of Association of the Company as per Article 246 of the UAE Federal Law No. (2) of 2015. Further, as required by the U.A.E. Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, as amended, we are required to report whether we have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit. However, due to the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion above, we are unable to report further on the application of these requirements.

Talal Abu Ghazaleh-& Co. International

chicano

Youssef Kadoura

Licensed Auditor No. 688

Abu Dhabi

14 August 2019





EXHIBIT A

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

	NOTE	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
ASSETS		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Property and equipment	5	883,952	1,075,850
Investments properties	6	296,630,265	296,942,860
Investments designated at fair value through			
other comprehisive income (FVTOCI)	7 (a)	33,919,174	39,110,469
Investments designated at fair value through		502.0 • 9 2 - 10 2 • 2 10 4 4 10 4 10 4 10	
profit and loss (FVTPL)	7 (b)	40,294,333	66,424,481
Statutory deposit	8	4,150,011	10,000,000
Premium and insurance balances receivables	9	53,265,101	56,608,917
Reinsurance contract assets	10	53,385,777	55,386,108
Other receivable and prepayments	11	11,812,490	13,285,441
Deffered acquisition cost		50,375	294,655
Cash and cash equivalents	12	7,619,402	9,139,235
TOTAL ASSETS		502,010,880	548,268,016
SHAREHOLDERS' OF THE PARENT Share premium Accumulated (losses) Issued and paid up share capital Fair value reserve	13	1,788,422 (390,513,648) 420,000,000 13,520,840	1,788,422 (397,411,023) 420,000,000 18,712,135
Statutory reserve		62,145,349	62,145,349
Net equity - Exhibit C		106,940,963	105,234,883
LIABILITIES			
Borrowings from banks	14	187,138,790	187,167,259
End of service benefits obligation		7,265,943	6,849,506
Technical provisions	15	55,978,655	90,223,997
1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			~ C 4 m m ~ 4 ~ 7 /
nsurance and other payables	16	140,599,747	153,227,956
TO 52	16	140,599,747 134,452	
Reinsurance deposit retained	16		153,227,956
Reinsurance deposit retained Unearned reinsurance commission	16	134,452	153,227,956 573,002
Insurance and other payables Reinsurance deposit retained Unearned reinsurance commission Deffered income Fotal liabilities	16	134,452 178,755	153,227,956 573,002 499,861

Head of Finance

Director

Chairman

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN
INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

EXHIBIT B

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2019

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRITAMS)

	3 Months ended 30 June	led 30 June	6 Months ended 30 June	ed 30 June
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
NOTE	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Gross premium	000 200	0.00	1	
21	070,077	20,143,178	46,395	39,231,333
Not a share of ceded business premiums	(709,799)	(3,411,993)	(1,921,036)	(7,897,132)
Net premum	(483,779)	16,731,185	(1,874,641)	31,334,201
Next	3,323,903	(4,108,967)	9,290,770	1,752,093
1	2,840,124	12,622,218	7,416,129	33,086,294
Commissions carried 21 (c)	148,224	275,019	341,136	401,207
Commissions paid	(76,758)	(3,149,633)	(315,754)	(4,126,523)
Gross underwriting income	2,911,590	9,747,604	7,441,511	29,360,978
Deirection Paid	(8,196,765)	(21,652,850)	(21,337,768)	(46,424,280)
Nethburghee share of insurance claims	2,404,725	7,693,780	6,233,918	12,904,096
Change in alaine	(5,792,040)	(13,959,070)	(15,103,850)	(33,520,184)
Change in claims under settlement reserve	4,920,532	4,812,441	11,493,634	12,826,272
Charge in remained share for claims under settlement reserve	389,697	(3,623,341)	(3,077,884)	(7,185,092)
Change in claims incurred but not reported reserve	2,943,615	4,982,154	4,738,157	15,635,573
Change in insurance share for claims incurred but not reported reserve	eserve 2,493,531		7,132,344	(8,735,193)
Change in unallocated loss adjustments expenses reserve	597,143	542,695	782,003	(1,279,727)
Change in unexpired risk reserve	784,679	2,694,927	1,885,986	2,023,624
Change in remaining share of unexpired reserve			-	(467,494)
ver claims incurred	6,337,157	(4,550,194)	7,850,390	(20,702,221)
				The same of the sa

CONT. EXHIBIT B

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2019

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

		3 Months ended 30 June	ed 30 June	6 Months ended 30 June	d 30 June
	NOTE	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	30 June 2018 (Unaudited)	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	30 June 2018 (Unaudited)
Operating expenses	17	(9,040,930)	(8,729,613)	(20,368,103)	(16,749,364)
Net underwriting (loss)		207,817	(3,532,203)	(5,076,202)	(8,090,607)
Income from investments	18	14,066,728	9,723,104	17,100,905	9,648,468
Total (loss)		14,274,545	6,190,901	12,024,703	1,557,861
Finance cost		(2,980,135)	(3,035,320)	(5,127,328)	(4,993,196)
Net profit / (loss) for the period - Exhibit D		11,294,410	3,155,581	6,897,375	(3,435,335)
Profit / (loss) per ordinary share	61	0.0269	0.0075	0.0164	(0.0082)

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT B

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2019

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

	<u>NOTE</u>	For the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	For the period from 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)
Profit / (loss) for the period		6,897,375	(3,435,335)
Other comprehensive (loss):			
Fair value (loss) on investments at FVTOCI	7 (a)	(5,191,295)	(3,002,474)
Other comprehensive income for the period		(5,191,295)	(3,002,474)
Total comprehensive Gain / (loss) for the period - I	Exhibit	C1,706,080	(6,437,809)

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL
INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT C

AL KHAZNA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY FOR THE

PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2019 (AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

Total	115,481,425 (3,435,335) (3,002,474) 109,043,616	105,234,883 6,897,375 (5,191,295) 106,940,963
Statutory	62,145,349	62,145,349
Fair value and revaluation reserve (restated)	26,777,589 (3,002,474) 23,775,115	18,712,135 (5,191,295) 13,520,840
Issued and paid up share capital	420,000,000	420,000,000
Accumulated [losses] (restated)	(395,229,935) (3,435,335)	(397,411,023) 6,897,375 (390,513,648)
Share	1,788,422	1,788,422
	Equity at 1 January 2018 - Exhibit A - (restated)/(Audited) (Loss) for the period - Exhibit B Other comprehensive (loss) for the period - Exhibit B Equity at 30 June 2018 - Exhibit A (Unaudited)	Equity at 1 January 2019 - Exhibit A - (restated)/(Audited) Profit for the period - Exhibit B Other comprehensive (loss) for the period - Exhibit B Equity at 30 June 2019 - Exhibit A (Unaudited)

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT D

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2019

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

	For the period from	For the period from
	1 January 2019 to	1 January 2018 to
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Profit / (loss) for the period - Exhibit B	6,897,375	(3,435,335)
Adjustment to reconcile net income to net		
cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation of property and equipment	240,176	288,602
Net fair value (Gain) / loss on investment designated at FVTPL	(30,165,198)	15,247,068
Realized loss on investment designated at FVTPL	29,534,730	1222
Net fair value loss / (gain) for revaluation of investment in properties	312,595	(12,191,360)
Net income from investment properties	(2,650,981)	(3,365,775)
Dividends from investments in securities	(5,728,869)	(7,787,513)
Interest income	(9,615)	(11,647)
Finance cost	5,127,328	4,993,196
Impairment for doubtful receivables, net	(10,327,329)	2,075,849
End of service benefits obligation	416,437	284,391
Operating (loss) before working capital changes	(6,353,351)	(3,902,524)
Changes in the components of working capital:		
Decrease in deferred acquisition costs	244,280	1,176,479
Decrease in other reinsurance contract assets	2,000,331	24,802,526
(Decrease) in insurance contract liabilities	(34,245,342)	(39,372,583)
(Decrease)/ increase in unearned reinsurance commission	(321,106)	103,334
Decrease / (increase) in premium and insurance receivables	13,671,145	(8,583,816)
Decrease / (increase) in other receivables and prepayments	1,472,951	(5,674,658)
(Decrease) / Increase in insurance and other payables	(12,628,209)	6,596,998
(Decrease) in reinsurance deposit retained	(438,550)	(464,357)
(Decrease) / increase in differed income	(717,977)	1,039,430
Net cash flows (used in) operating activities	(37,315,828)	(24,279,171)
Settlement of end of service benefit obligation		2002
Net cash flows (used in) operating activities	(37,315,828)	(24,279,171)

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONT. EXHIBIT D

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2019

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

	For the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	For the period from 1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Disposal of investments AVFS		8,750,914
Disposal of investments FVTPL		1,735,956
Disposal of investments properties	****	17,605,000
Decrease in deposits	1/4-4-2-3	1,858,633
Purchase of property and equipment	(48,278)	(26,305)
Dividends received	5,728,869	7,787,513
Net income from investment in properties	2,650,981	3,365,775
Interest income received	9,615	11,647
Proceed from sale of investments designated at FVTPL	26,760,616	
Net cash flows from investing activities	35,101,803	41,089,133
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Decrease in statutory deposit	5,849,989	
(Decrease) in borrowings from banks	(28,469)	(10,459,800)
Finance cost	(5,127,328)	(4,993,196)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities	694,192	(15,452,996)
NET CASH FLOWS (USED)/ GENERATED DURING THE PERIOD	(1,519,833)	1,356,966
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	9,139,235	13,451,566
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE PERIOD - Note 12		14,808,532

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN
INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

1. STATUS AND ACTIVITIES

- a) Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C. (the "Group") is a public shareholding company. The Company are incorporated in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi by virtue of the Emiri Decree No. (4) dated 11 September 1996.
 - The Company's principal activity is the writing of general insurance and re-insurance business of all classes.
- b) The group operates through its head office in Abu Dhabi and branch offices in Dubai and Al Ain. The group is domiciled in the United Arab Emirates and its registered office address is P.O. Box 73343, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates.
- The Company's ordinary shares are listed on Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange.
- d) The consolidated interim financial statements of Al Khazna Insurance Company P.S.C. (the "Group") for the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019 includes assets, liabilities and the result of operations of the following subsidiaries:

Name of subsidiary	Proportion of ownership	Country of incorporation	Principal activities
The Best Tenants LLC ***	99%	UAE	To market, promote and deliver property management and advisory services.
Real Estate Academy Est. (Al Akarya Academy) **	100%	UAE	To market, promote and delivery management and advisory services in respect of real estate.
Al Khazna Real Estate Est. *	100%	UAE	To market, promote and deliver management and advisory services in respect of real estate.
Modern Academy Administrative Training LLC *	100%	UAE	To provide business management training.
IT Academy LLC *	100%	UAE	To provide business management training.
Real Estate Academy for Training LLC *	100%	UAE	To provide business management training.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

Name of subsidiary	Proportion of ownership	Country of incorporation	Principal activities
Academy of Tourism and Holidays LLC *	100%	UAE	To provide training in the field of travel, tourism and hotel management.
First Deal Real Estate LLC ***	100%	UAE	To manage investments in real estate.
Academy for Investment Est. *	100%	UAE	To manage investments in real estate.
Under Writing Electronics Solutions Est. *	100%	UAE	Data formatting, computer system and instruments filling services.
Tadawel Electronics Solutions Est. *	100%	UAE	Software consultancy, storing and retrieving data.
Tel Fast Recruitment Agencies LLC *	99%	UAE	Employment services - recruitment.
Tel Fast Manpower Supply LLC *	99%	UAE	Labourers supply services.

^{*}These subsidiaries have not yet commenced operations and their trade licenses have expired and not been renewed.

^{**}These subsidiaries have not yet commenced operations and do not have trade licenses.

^{***}These subsidiaries have commenced operations but their trade licenses have expired and not been renewed.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRSs)

a) In the current period, the group has adopted the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) including the International Accounting Standards (IASs) and their interpretations that are relevant to its operations and effective for annual reporting periods beginning on 1 January 2019.

i. IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

A final version of IFRS 9 has been issued which replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The completed standard comprises guidance on Classification and Measurement, Impairment, Hedge Accounting and Derecognition.

II'RS 9 introduces a new approach to the classification of financial assets, which is driven by the business model in which the asset is held and its cash flow characteristics.

A new business model approach was introduced which allows certain financial assets to be categorized as "fair value through other comprehensive income" in certain circumstances.

The requirements for financial liabilities are mostly carried forward unchanged from IAS 39. However, some changes were made to the fair value option for financial liabilities to address the issue of own credit risk.

The new standard introduces a single "expected credit loss" impairment model for the measurement of financial assets.

IFRS 9 carries forward the derecognition requirements of financial assets and liabilities from IAS 39.

ii. IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers replaces IAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and IAS 11 which covers construction contracts.

The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized when control of a good or service transfers to a customer – so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards.

A new five-step process must be applied before revenue can be recognized: 1) Identify contracts with customers; 2) Identify the separate performance obligation; 3) Determine the transaction price of the contract 4) Allocate the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligations, and 5) Recognize the revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

Key changes to current practice are:

- Any bundled goods or services that are distinct must be separately recognized, and any discounts or rebates on the contract price must generally be allocated to the separate elements.
- Revenue may be recognized earlier than under current standards if the consideration varies for any reasons (such as for incentives, rebates, performance fees, royalties, success of an outcome etc) – minimum amounts must be recognized if they are not at significant risk of reversal.
- The point at which revenue is able to be recognized may shift: some revenue which is currently recognized at a point in time at the end of a contract may have to be recognized over the contract term and vice versa.
- There are new specific rules on licenses, warranties, non-refundable upfront fees and, consignment arrangements, to name a few.
- Increased disclosure requirements.

iii. IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

The Interpretation clarifies that, in determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which an entity initially recognizes the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, then the entity must determine a date of the transactions for each payment or receipt of advance consideration. This Interpretation does not have any impact on the group's interim financial statements.

iv. IFRS 1 - First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards - Deletion of short-term exemptions for first-time adopters

Improvements to IFRSs 2014- 2016 Cycle, the short-term exemptions were deleted because they have now served their intended purpose. These amendments do not have any impact on the group's interim financial statements.

- b) The following amendments to standards are effective for the current period but are irrelevant to the group's operations:
- Amendments to IAS 40 Transfers of Investment Property.
- Amendments to IFRS 4 Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.
- Amendments to IFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions.
- IAS 28 Investments in Associates and joint Ventures Clarification that measuring investees at fair value through profit or loss is an investment-by-investment choice improvements to IFRSs 2014- 2016 Cycle.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

c) At the date of authorization of these interim financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations have been issued but not yet effective:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

IFRS 16 - Leases.

1 January 2019

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments - amendments relating to prepayable financial assets with negative compensation.

1 January 2019

IAS 19 - Employee Benefits - amendments relating to plan amendment, curtailment or settlement.

1 January 2019

IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures amendments relating to long term interests in associates and joint ventures.

1 January 2019

Amendments IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments.

1 January 2019

IFRS 3 - Business Combinations - amendments to definition of a business. 1 January 2020

IFRS 17 - Insurance contracts.

1 January 2021

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 - Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.

Indefinite

GOING CONCERN

a) During the reporting period, the group submitted its corrective plan to insurance authority and they are waiting the approval on it. The management decided in this corrective plan to reduced its underwriting activities in different lines of business until it concludes on corrective measures, which will be based on technical recommendations suggested by management. This has resulted in a reduction in cash inflows from the underwriting business and consequently a reduction in available cash as at the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

The Group might not be able to meet its financial obligations for the coming 12 months if it does not generate sufficient cash flows through the operating activities and the disposal of additional assets.

b) The Financial Regulations for Insurance Companies (the "Regulations") issued by the IA sets specified limits for assets distribution and allocation. Holding inadmissible investments or non-compliance with the set limits affects the Group's ability to meet the Regulations' solvency requirements. The deadlines for compliance with the Regulations requirements vary between end of January 2017 and end of January 2018. Compliance with these requirements requires significant restructuring of the Group's investments portfolio based on different milestones within the current period, with full implementation.

Due to non-compliance with regulations requirments, the group is undergoing the suspensions of its operations from the insurance authorities.

c) The Group cash flows used in operating activities amounted to AED 34,750,961 for the period ended 30 June 2019 and its accumulated losses exceeded 50% of its share capital as of 30 June 2019.

Management considers that the above factors present significant challenges to the group in terms of meeting its operating and financing cash flow requirements in the foreseeable future. Whilst management has planned the below measures to overcome those circumstances, there are material uncertainties over future results and cash flows.

- Management will reassess, based on the corrective plan, its pricing and reinsurance strategy to improve the performance of the medical line of business and its pricing and expense loadings of the motor and other lines of business. Management is also developing and implementing a plan to review the overall expenses across all lines of business. Management has a reasonable expectation that this Corrective Plan will enable the Group to generate profits or to at least reduce its losses from operating activities significantly.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

- The Board has set an investment action plan for restructuring the Group's investments portfolio and for full or partial disposal of certain investments including plots of land, and/or other quoted and non-quoted investments to generate cash flows to support the operating and financing cash flow requirements in the short and medium term as well as to comply with Insurance Authority regulations requirements related to concentration and asset allocation limits.
- On 30 April 2018, the AGM passed a resolution to continue in the activity of the Company and authorized the Board to sell investment assets, if needed, to settle the bank loan and generate liquidity.

These conditions indicate the existence of multiple material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As a result of the mitigating measures described above, management has a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate plan and resources to overcome these challenges and continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

This conclusion relies particularly on the Group being able to successfully implement its Corrective Plan for the insurance business, non-enforcement of the terms of the loan agreement in respect of recovering the whole outstanding loan balance including the forgiven amount and interest by the bank, release of ongoing suspension on operation, as well as for full or partial disposal of certain assets, so the Group can contain its losses, and generate positive cash flows from operating and investing activities. For these reasons, management continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated interim interim financial statements.

In the absence of the Group's ability to achieve management's planned measures, the going concern basis would be invalid and adjustments would have to be made to reduce the values of the assets as presented in the consolidated interim interim statement of financial position to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities that might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Consolidated interim Financial Statements Preparation Framework
The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with
International Financial Reporting Standards.

b. Consolidated interim Statement of compliance

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting standards (IFRS) and applicable requirements of UAE Federal Law No. 6 of 2007 concerning Insurance Companies and Agents.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the measurement / revaluation of certain assets and financial instruments at a basis other than the historical cost. The significant accounting policies are set out below.

d. Property and equipment

The property and equipment are carried in the consolidated interim statement of financial position at their cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognized in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis, which reflects the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the group over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Category	Useful life
Office equipment and decoration	4 years
Computer equipment and accessories	4 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

The depreciation charge for each period is recognized in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year-end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in the circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication of impairment exists, impairments losses are calculated in accordance with Note 4 (e).

On the subsequent derecognizing (sale or retirement) of the property and equipment, the resultant gain or loss, being the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount, is included in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss.

e. Impairment of tangible assets

At each consolidated interim statement of financial position date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any, being the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of asset's fair value less costs to sell and the value in use. The asset's fair value is the amount for which that asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in arm's length transaction. The value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is decreased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

f. Investment properties

Investment property (land or building) is property: (a) held by the group to earn rentals, (b) for capital appreciation rather than for use in production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes, or for sale in the ordinary course of business, and/or for undetermined use. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs and revalued annually by independent evaluators.

On the subsequent derecognition (sale or retirement) of the investment properties, the resultant gain or loss, being the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount, is included in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

g. Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and through profit and loss (FVTPL)

At initial recognition, the group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument - by - instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investments is held for trading.

The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, these are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other consolidated interim comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve.

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL when they are held for trading which means they have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future. Financial assets of FVTPL are stated at their fair value, subsequent gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in consolidated interim statement of profit or loss.

h. Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each year. For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets.

With the exception of financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), if, in a subsequent year, the amount of the impairment loss decreases due to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investments at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

In respect of financial assets designated at fair value through consolidated interim other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), any increase / decrease will be recognized in profit and loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognized in other consolidated interim comprehensive income.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

i. Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), financial assets designated at amortized cost, 'loans and receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition or subsequent reclassification as the case may be.

i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises unrestricted cash on hand and cash at banks - current accounts. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

ii) Insurance receivables

Insurance receivables are stated at net realizable value. When an insurance receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss.

iii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables includes insurance and other receivables. Insurance receivables that either have or do not have a fixed or determinable payments and are not quoted in an active market, and other receivables are stated at net realizable value. The carrying values are not materially different from their fair values.

j. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, 10% of net profit for the year to be withheld annually and retained in the statutory reserve account. The deduction shall be suspended when the balance in this reserve account amounts to at least 50% of the company's capital and is not available for distribution for shareholders'.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

k. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities includes borrowings from banks, insurance contract liabilities and Insurance and other payables. Insurance payables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and other payables are stated at cost. The carrying values are not materially different from their fair value.

1. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest on bank borrowings, amortization of discounts or premiums on borrowings, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in the arrangement of borrowings, and finance charges on finance leases.

Borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

m. End of service benefits obligation

End of service benefits obligation for employees is accounted for in accordance with U.A.E. Labour Law.

n. Revenue recognition

Recognition and measurement

Insurance contracts are classified into two main categories, depending on the duration of risk and whether or not the terms and constitutions are fixed.

These contracts are casualty and property insurance contracts.

Casualty insurance contracts protects the company's customers against the risk of causing harm to third parties as a result of their legitimate activities. Damages covered include both contractual and non contractual events. The typical protection offered is designed for employers who become legally liable to pay compensation to injured employees (employers liability) and for individual and business customers who become liable to pay compensation to a third party for bodily harm or property damage (public liability).

Property insurance contracts mainly compensate the company's customers for damage suffered to their properties or for the value of property lost. Customers who undertake commercial activities on their premises could also receive compensation for the loss of carnings caused by the inability to use the insured properties in their business activities (business interruption cover).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

For all these insurance contracts, premium are recognized as revenue (carned premiums) proportionally over the year of coverage. The portion of premium received on in force contracts that relates to unexpired risks at the consolidated interim financial position date is reported as the unearned premium liability.

Claims and loss adjustments expenses are charged to profit or loss as incurred based on the estimated liability for compensation owed to contracts holders or third parties damaged by the contracts holders.

Re-insurance contracts held

Contracts entered into by the company with reinsurers under which the company is compensated for losses on one or more contracts issued by the company and that meet the classification requirements of reinsurance contracts are classified as re-insurance contracts held. Contracts that do not meet these classification requirements are classified as financial assets. Insurance contracts entered into by the company under which the contract holder is another insurer are included with insurance contracts. The benefits to which the company is entitled under its re - insurance contract held is recognized as re-insurance contract assets. The company assesses its re-insurance contract assets for impairment on a regular basis. If there is objective evidence that the re-insurance contract asset is impaired, the group reduces the carrying amount of the re -insurance contract assets to its recoverable amount and recognizes that impairment loss in the profit or loss. Amounts recoverable from or due to reinsurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsured insurance contracts and in accordance with the terms of each reinsurance contract.

Insurance contract liabilities

Insurance contract liabilities towards outstanding claims are made for all claims intimated to the company and still unpaid at the end of the reporting year, in addition to claims incurred but not reported. The unearned premium considered in the insurance contract liabilities comprise the estimated proportion of the gross premiums written which relates to the years of insurance subsequent to the financial position date and is estimated using the time proportionate method. The unearned premium calculated using the 365 days method to spread the premium written proportionally over the year of coverage for all lines of business, except for marine cargo, which is calculated as 25% of gross written premium and for engineering which is calculated on daily increasing basis over the term of the policy.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

The re-insurers' portion towards the above outstanding claims, claims incurred but not reported and uncarned premium is classified as re-insurance contract assets in the consolidated interim financial statements.

Provision for the premium which represent the portion of the premium subsequent to the consolidated interim financial statement date and where the premium is expected to be insufficient to cover anticipated claims, have been considered under the unexpired risk reserves ("URR") and booked under allocated and unallocated loss adjustments in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss.

Salvage and subrogation reimbursements

Estimates of salvage and subrogation reimbursements are considered as an allowance in the measurement of the insurance liability for claims.

Receivables and payables related to insurance contracts

Receivables and payables are recognized when due. These include amounts due to and from agents, brokers and insurance contract holders.

If there is objective evidence that the insurance receivable is impaired, the company reduces the carrying amount of the insurance receivable accordingly and recognizes that impairment loss in profit or loss.

Interest income

Interest income from fixed deposits are accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

o. Foreign currencies

The consolidated interim financial statements are presented in the UAE Dirhams (AED) which is the group's functional currency. In preparing the financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the group's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each consolidated interim statement of financial position date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the consolidated interim statement of financial position date (closing rate). Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the year or in previous consolidated interim financial statements shall be recognized in the statement of income in the year in which they arise.

p. Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations depending on whether some uncertain future events occur, or they are present obligations but payments are not probable or the amounts cannot be measured reliably.

- q. Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.
- The ultimate liability arising from claims made under insurance contracts. The estimation of ultimate liability arising from the claims made under insurance contracts is the company's most critical accounting estimate. There are sources of uncertainty that need to be considered in the estimate of the liability that the company will eventually pay for such claims. Estimates have to be made at the end of the reporting year both of the expected ultimate cost of claims reported as well as the expected ultimate cost of claims incurred but not reported ("IBNR"). Liabilities for unpaid reported claims are estimated using the input of assessments for individual cases reported to the company and management estimates based on past claims settlement trends for the claims incurred but not reported. At the end of each reporting year, prior year claims estimates are reassessed

for adequacy and changes are made to the provision.

Provision for the premium which represent the portion of the premium subsequent to the financial statement date and where the premium is expected to be insufficient to cover anticipated claims, have been considered under the unexpired risk reserves ("URR") and booked under allocated and unallocated loss adjustments in the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

ii) Liability adequacy test

At the end of each reporting year, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of insurance contract liabilities. The company makes use of the best estimates of future contractual cash flows and claims handling and administration expenses, as well as investments income from the assets backing such liabilities in evaluating the adequacy of the liability. Any deficiency is immediately charged to the profit or loss.

iii) Provision for doubtful debts

Management has estimated the recoverability of trade receivables and has considered the provision required for doubtful receivables, on the basis of prior experience and current economic situations.

AL KHAZNA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C PUBLIC JOINT STOCK

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The details of cost, accumulated depreciation and respective carrying amounts of various categories of property and equipment are as follows:

Office Computer equipment and decoration equipment and accessories Accoration and accessories Vehicles Total	6,955,299	7,033,277 6,955,914 944,026 14,933,217	(6,735,710) (6,277,290) (796,089) (13,809,089)	(164,073) (31,729)	(6.780.084) (6.441.363) (827.818) (14.049.265)	249,904 678,009
COST	At 1 January 2019 (Audited) Additions	At 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION At I January 2019 (Audited)	Charge for the period - Note 17	At 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2018 - Exhibit A (Audited)

AL KHAZNA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

PUBLIC JOINT STOCK UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

6. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

a) This item consists of the following:

	Land	Buildings	Total
At 1 January 2018 (Audited)	152,832,360	144,110,500	296,942,860
Revaluation	1,339,405	(1,652,000)	(312,595)
30 June 2019 - Exhibit A (Unaudited)	154,171,765	142,458,500	296,630,265

- b) i) Investment properties represent the fair value of plots of lands valued of AED 154.1 million and buildings valued of AED 142.45 million owned by the group in Abu Dhabi and Mussaffah.
 - ii) Within investment properties are two plots of land with a carrying value of AED 89.5 million as of 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018 : AED 90.4 million) whose title were not transferred to the name of the group, pending the settlement of the last installments which are linked to the completion of the group's development works on these plots.
- c) The fair value of the investment properties as of 30 June 2019 has been arrived at on the basis of independent valuations carried out by two valuers that are not related to the Group. The valuers are members of the Royal Institute of Surveyors, and have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations.
- d) A building with a carrying value of AED 142.4 million as of 30 June 2019 is mortgaged in favour of First Abu Dhabi Bank against the bank loan.

AL KHAZNA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C

PUBLIC JOINT STOCK UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

77	INVESTMENTS	THE PUNISHCULAT ACCRETO
1.	INVESTMENTS	IN FINANCIAL ASSETS

a)	INVESTMENTS DESIGNATED	AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER	R COMPREHINSIVE INCOME (FVTOCI)
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 This item consists of the following: 	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Unquoted UAE equity securities	33,074,000	39,110,469
Quoted UAE equity securities	845,174	****
Total - Exhibit A	33,919,174	39,110,469

ii) Changes in investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) for the period / year are as follows:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Fair value at 1 January	39,110,469	60,086,539
Disposals		(8,802,757)
Written off	2005 to the second	(3,112,789)
Transferred to FVTPL		(5,870,854)
(Decrease) in fair value taken		(3 3) (3 1)
to other comprehinsive income - Exhibit B	(5,191,295)	(3,189,670)
Fair value as at 30 June / 31 December -		
Exhibit A	33,919,174	39,110,469

b) INVESTMENTS DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (FVTPL)

 i) Changes in investments designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) for the period / year are as follows:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Fair value at the beginning of the year	66,424,481	82,921,862
Proceeds on disposals	(26,760,616)	(13,239,972)
Realized (loss) /gain on disposals	(29,534,730)	4,018,841
written off	-	(4,100,500)
Transferred from FVTOCI		5,870,854
(Decrease) in fair value taken to		
profit or loss - Note 18	30,165,198	(9,046,604)
Fair value as at 30 June / 31 December -		
Exhibit A	40,294,333	66,424,481

ii) the geographical distribution for the investments in financial assets is as follows:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Within UAE	73,368,33	3 104,798,888
Outside UAE	845,17	4 736,062
Total - Note 7 (a & b)	74,213,50	7 105,534,950

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

iv) Certain investments classified as FVTOCI which are measured in these consolidated interim financial statements at AED 39 million by reference to a fair valuation that is based on prior year financial information due to the lack of recent financial information.

8. STATUTORY DEPOSIT

- a) In accordance with the requirement of Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, concerning Insurance Companies and Agents, the company maintains a bank deposit amounting to AED 10,000,000 which cannot be utilized without the consent of the UAE Insurance Regulatory Authority.
 - b) The balance of statutory deposit is as the following:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
At 1 January	10,000,000	10,000,000
Settelment of claims during the period	(5,849,989)	W 1
Net - Exhibit A	4,150,011	10,000,000

9. PREMIUM AND INSURANCE BALANCES RECEIVABLES

a)	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Due from policy holders	28,223,201	44,327,733
	Due from insurance and re insurance companies	20,304,673	18,944,527
	Due from brokers and agencies	17,013,269	15,940,028
	Total - Note 9 (b)	65,541,143	79,212,288
	Provision for impairment of receivables - Note 9 (c)	(12,276,042)	(22,603,371)
	Net - Exhibit A	53,265,101	56,608,917

b)	The ageing for the trade receivables is as the following:	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 (Audited)
	1 - 30 days	531,837	4,002,247
	31 - 90 days	965,760	12,948,631
	91 - 120 days	1,932,365	796,272
	120 - 365 days	598,838	13,642,234
	More than 366 days	61,512,343	47,822,904
	Total - Note 9 (a)	65,541,143	79,212,288

c)	Provision for impairment of receivables:-	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	This item consists of the following:	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	At 1 January	(22,603,371)	(26,918,396)
	Charge for the period / year - Note 17		(971,305)
	Release of provision - Note 18	10,327,329	5,286,330
	Balance at 30 June / 31 December - Note 9 (a)	(12,276,042)	(22,603,371)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

10.	REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS		
	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Unearned premium reserve	1,986,794	8,041,585
	Claims under settlement reserve	44,956,205	48,034,089
	Claims incurred but not reported reserve	6,442,778	(689,566)
	Total - Exhibit A	53,385,777	55,386,108
11.	OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS		
a)	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Deposits and other receivables	14,414,320	14,180,284
	Provision for impairment of other receivables - Note 11 (b)	(10,189,993)	(10,189,993)
	Rent receivables	4,999,335	6,800,852
	Prepaid expenses	1,363,366	1,414,857
	Value added tax - receivables	1,225,462	1,079,441
	Net - Exhibit A	11,812,490	13,285,441
b)	Provision for impairment of other receivables		
	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Balance at 1 January	(10,189,993)	(10,189,993)
	Balance at 30 June- Note 11 (a)	(10,189,993)	(10,189,993)
12.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Cash on hand	84,200	84,200
	Cash at banks - current accounts	7,535,202	9,055,035
	Total - Exhibit A & D	7,619,402	9,139,235

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

13. ISSUED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL

a)	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Authorized:		
	420,000,000 shares of AED 1 each	420,000,000	420,000,000
	Allotted, issued and fully paid		
	420,000,000 shares of AED 1 each	420,000,000	420,000,000

b) In Extraordinary General Meeting on 22 December 2013, the shareholders approved to increase the share capital of the company by AED 200,000,000. The group did not start the process to obtain the necessary approvals from concerned authorities for capital increase. Moreover, the shareholders have requested the issue of bonus shares up to the maximum amount.

14. BANK BORROWINGS

This item consists of the following:	Current	Non-current	Total
Term loan Bank overdraft	54,367,127 47,198,787	85,572,876 	139,940,003 47,198,787
As at 30 June 2019 - Exhibit A (Unaudited)	101,565,914	85,572,876	187,138,790
Term loan Rank overdreft	37,099,680	117,840,322	154,940,002
As at 31 December 2018 - Exhibit A (Audited)	69,326,937	117,840,322	32,227,257 187,167,259
	Term loan Bank overdraft As at 30 June 2019 - Exhibit A (Unaudited) Term loan Bank overdraft	Term loan 54,367,127 Bank overdraft 47,198,787 As at 30 June 2019 - Exhibit A (Unaudited) 101,565,914 Term loan 37,099,680 Bank overdraft 32,227,257	Term loan 54,367,127 85,572,876 Bank overdraft 47,198,787 — As at 30 June 2019 - Exhibit A (Unaudited) 101,565,914 85,572,876 Term loan 37,099,680 117,840,322 Bank overdraft 32,227,257 —

b) Term loan:

Term loan from First Abu Dhabi Bank represents the restructured agreement with the bank to restructure the Group's previous loan to total amount of AED 227.1 million (net of a forgiven amount of AED 39.4 million, which is subject to the terms and conditions) as full and final settlement of the previous loan. The terms of the new loan are as follows:

- Interest rate: 3 months EIBOR + 1.5% per annum (subject to minimum rate of 4.75% per annum);
- Down payment of AED 22.76 million;
- 1st year payment: AED 20 million (semi-annual payments of AED 10 million);
- 2nd year till 5th year: AED 120 million (semi annual payments of AED 15 million); and
- 6th year: AED 64.94 million (semi annual payments of AED 32.47 million).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

The above stated forgiven amount of AED 39.4 million is subject to the compliance with the payment schedule for both the principal and interest amounts.

The group has provided First Abu Dhabi Bank with a primary mortgage over AKIC Tower, classified under investment properties, fair valued at AED 142.4 million (31 December 2018 : AED 144.1 million).

During last year, the group has defaulted in the repayment of one of its loan installment. As per one of the covenant of the loan agreement the whole amount of the outstanding loan becomes immediately payable along with the previously forgiven amount of AED 39.4 million (plus interest) in the event of default of any repayment.

The bank has opened a bank overdraft facility in the name of the group for the repayment of the due installments on which the group defaulted during the period. The outstanding overdraft balance as at 30 June 2019 amounted to AED 47,198,787 (31 December 2018: AED 32,227,257).

15. TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

	The state of the s		
	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Unearned premiums reserve	2,696,297	18,041,859
	Claims under settlement reserve	44,087,519	55,581,153
	Claims incurred but reported reserve	7,133,837	11,871,994
	Un allocated loss adjustment expenses reserve	2,061,002	2,843,005
	U.R.R reserve		1,885,986
	Total - Exhibit A	55,978,655	90,223,997
16.	INSURANCE AND OTHER PAYABLES	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	This item consists of the following:	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Payable to policy holders	47,727,890	49,461,756
	Payable to insurance companies	42,485,632	40,187.816
	Payable to brokers / agents	2,357,050	15,103,903
	Dividends payable	18,033,269	18,033,546
	Accruals and other payables	23,599,472	23,948,493
	Value added tax - payable	6,396,434	6,492,442
	Total - Exhibit A	140,599,747	153,227,956

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

		For the period from	For the period from
		1 January 2019 to	1 January 2018 to
17.	OPERATING EXPENSES	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	This item consists of the following:	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	Salaries and related benefits	11,128,062	11,730,987
	Rent expenses	1,203,176	1,142,909
	Depreciation on property and equipment - Note 5	240,176	288,602
	Fees and license	239,011	456,870
	Doubtful debts expenses (net) - Note 9 (c)		24,308
	Value added tax - expenses	5,559,531	1,378,128
	Other general expenses	1,998,147	1,727,560
	Total - Exhibit B	20,368,103	16,749,364
		For the period from	For the period from
		1 January 2019 to	1 January 2018 to
18.	INCOME FROM INVESTMENT	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	This item consists of the following:	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	Net fair value gain / (loss) on investments at FVTPL - Note 7 (b)	30,165,198	(15,247,068)
	Dividends from investments in securities	5,728,869	7,787,513
	Interest on term deposits	9,615	11,647
	(Loss) from sale of AFS		(603,189)
	Net income from investment properties	2,650,981	3,365,775
	(Loss) from sale of investments properties		(254,276)
	(Loss) /gain from revaluation of investments properties	(312,595)	12,191,360
	Realized (loss) / gain from sale of investment FVTPL	(29,534,730)	2,551,759
	Impairment for receivables written back - Note 9 (c)	10,327,329	2000
	Other (loss)	(1,933,762)	(155,053)
	Net - Exhibit B	17,100,905	9,648,468
		For the period from	For the period from
19.	(LOSS) PER ORDINARY SHARE	1 January 2019 to	1 January 2018 to
	This item consists of the following:	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	200	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	Profit / (loss) for the period	6,897,375	(3,435,335)
	Weighted number of shares in issue		
	throughout the period	420,000,000	420,000,000
	Basic (loss) per share - Exhibit B	0.0164	(0.0082)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

20. RISK MANAGEMENT

The group monitors and manages the financial risks relating to its business and operations. These risks include insurance risk, capital risk, credit risk, interest rate risk, market risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk.

The group seeks to minimize the effects of these risks by diversifying the sources of its capital. It maintains timely reports about its risk management function and monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures.

a) Insurance risk

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the nature of an insurance contract, this risk is random and therefore unpredictable.

For a portfolio of insurance contracts where the theory of probability is applied to pricing and provisioning, the principal risk that the company faces under its insurance contracts is that the actual claims and benefit payments exceed the estimated amount of the insurance liabilities. This could occur because the frequency or severity of claims and benefits are greater that estimated. Insurance events are random and the actual number and amount of claims and benefits will vary from period to period from the estimate established using statistical techniques.

Experience shows that the larger the portfolio of similar insurance contracts, the smaller the relative variability about the expected outcome will be. In addition, a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected across the board by a change in any subset of the portfolio. The group has developed its insurance underwriting strategy to diversify the type of insurance risks accepted and within each of these categories to achieve a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.

The group manages risks through its underwriting strategy, adequate reinsurance arrangements and proactive claims handling. The underwriting strategy attempts to ensure that the underwritten risks are well diversified in terms of type and amount of risk, industry and geography. Underwriting limits are in place to enforce appropriate risk selection criteria.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

b) Capital risk

The group's objectives when managing capital are:

- To comply with the insurance capital requirements required by UAE Federal Law No. 6 of 2007 concerning the formation of Insurance Authority of UAE.
- To safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.
- To provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing insurance contracts commensurately with the level of risk.

In UAE, the local insurance regulator specifies the minimum amount and type of capital that must be held by the company in relation to its insurance liabilities. The minimum required capital (presented in the table below) must be maintained at all times throughout the period. The company is subject to local insurance solvency regulations with which it has complied with during the period.

The table below summarizes the minimum regulatory capital of the group and the total capital held.

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Total shareholders' equity	106,940,963	105,234,883
Minimum regulatory capital	100,000,000	100,000,000

c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the group.

Key areas where the group is exposed to credit risk are:

- Re-insurers' share of insurance liabilities.
- Amounts due from reinsurers in respect of claims already paid.
- Amounts due from insurance contract holders.
- Amounts due from insurance intermediaries (Note 9).
- Amounts due from banks for its balances and fixed deposits (Note 11).

The group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counter party limits that are reviewed and approved by the management annually.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

Re-insurance is used to manage insurance risk. This does not, however, discharge the company's liability as primary insurer. If a re-insurer fails to pay a claim for any reason, the company remains liable for the payment to the policy holder. The creditworthiness of re-insurers is considered on an annual basis by reviewing their financial strength prior to finalization of any contract.

The group maintains record of the payment history for significant contract holders with whom it conducts regular business. The exposure to individual counterparties is also managed by other mechanisms, such as the right of offset where counterparties are both debtors and creditors of the company. Management information reported to the group includes details of provisions for impairment on insurance receivables and subsequent write offs. Exposures to individual policy holders and groups of policy holders are collected within the ongoing monitoring of the controls. Where there exists significant exposure to individual policy holders, or homogenous groups of policy holders, a financial analysis equivalent to that conducted for re-insurers is carried out by the group.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the consolidated interim financial statements, which is net of impairment losses, represents the group's maximum exposure to credit risk for such receivables and liquid funds.

d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rate. The group is exposed to interest rate risk on financial assets and borrowings from banks. The interest rates are subject to periodic revisions.

e) Market risk

Market prices risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issue or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

The group is exposed to market risk with respect to its investments in financial assets available for sale, investments designated at fair value through profit or loss and investments properties.

f) Foreign currency risk

The group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, which imposes sort of risk due to fluctuations in exchange rates during the period. The UAE Dirham is effectively pegged to the US Dollar, thus foreign currency risk occurs only in respect of other currencies. The group maintains policies and procedures to manage the exchange rate risk exposure.

g) Liquidity risk

The group's board of directors adopted an appropriate liquidity risk management framework as the responsibility of liquidity risk management rests with them.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

The following table shows the maturity dates of group's financial assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2019 (Unaudited).

	Less	More	
Financial assets	than 1 year	than 1 year	<u>Total</u>
Investments designated at (FVTOCI)	2002	33,919,174	33,919,174
Investments designated at (FVTPL)	40,294,333	ALC: N	40,294,333
Statutory deposit		4,150,011	4,150,011
Premium and insurance			
balances receivables	53,265,101		53,265,101
Reinsurance shares of claims			
under settlement reserve	44,956,205	2 1000	44,956,205
Other receivable and prepayments	20,639,117	***	20,639,117
Cash and cash equivalents	7,619,402	-	7,619,402
Total	166,774,158	38,069,185	204,843,343
Financial liabilities	58		
Claims under settlement reserve	44,087,519		44,087,519
Insurance and other payables	140,599,747		140,599,747
Borrowings from banks	101,565,914	85,572,876	187,138,790
End of service benefits obligation		7,265,943	7,265,943
Total	286,253,180	92,838,819	379,091,999

The following table shows the maturity dates of group's financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2018 (Audited).

50 To 30 M to 40 M to	Less	More	
Financial assets	than 1 year	than 1 year	Total
Investments designated at (FVTOCI)	(7.000)	39,110,469	39,110,469
Investments designated at (FVTPL)	66,424,481		66,424,481
Statutory deposit		10,000,000	10,000,000
Premium and insurance			* 3
balances receivables	56,608,917		56,608,917
Reinsurance shares of claims			
under settlement reserve	48,034,089		48,034,089
Other receivable and prepayments	22,060,577	for the sea law	22,060,577
Cash and cash equivalents	9,139,235		9,139,235
Total	202,267,299	49,110,469	251,377,768
Financial liabilities	A		
Claims under settlement reserve	55,581,153		55,581,153
Insurance and other payables	153,227,956	m = 10 m	153,227,956
Borrowings from banks	69,326,937	117,840,322	187,167,259
End of service benefits obligation	1585)	6,849,506	6,849,506
Total	278,136,046	124,689,828	402,825,874
	40		

AL KHAZNA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C PUBLIC JOINT STOCK UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

SEGMENT INFORMATION

For operating purposes, the group is organized into two business segments:

Underwriting of general insurance business - incorporating all classes of general insurance, fire, marine, motor, general accident and medical.

Investments - incorporating investments in UAE marketable equity securities, term deposits with banks, overseas managed portfolios and other securities.

Primary segment information - business segment

The following is an analysis of the group's revenue and results by operating segment:

	Under	Underwriting	Investments and Others	d Others	Total	[2]
Segment revenue	30 June 2019 (Unaudited) 46,395	30 June 2018 (Unaudited) 39,632,540	30 June 2019 (Unaudited) 17,100,905	30 June 2018 (Lhaudited) 9 648 468		30 June 2018 (Unaudited)
Segment result	(5,076,202)	(8,090,607)	17,100,905	9,648,468	12,024,703	1,557,861
Unallocated expenses					(5,127,328)	(4,993,196)
(loss) for the period					6,897,375	(3,435,335)

AL KHAZNA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C PUBLIC JOINT STOCK UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

The following is analysis of the group's assets and liabilities by operating segment:-9

S Total	December 2018 30 June 2019 (Audited) (Unaudited) 412,477,810 494,391,478	7,619,402	502,010,880 548,268,016	191,658,811 377,036,648 424,999,587	18,033,269	210 070 300
Investments	30 June 2019 (Unaudited) 374,993,783			190,912,365		
vriting	31 December 2018 (Audited) 126,650,971			233,340,776		
Underwriting	30 June 2019 (Unaudited) 119,397,695			186,124,283		
	Segment assets	Unallocated assets	Lotal assets	Segment flabilities	Unallocated liabilities	Total Fabilities

c) Secondary segment information - revenue from underwriting departments

The following is an analysis of the group's revenue classified by major underwriting departments

Motor (Unaudited) (Unaudited) Engineering (8,940) 7,623,948 Fire and general accidents 94,770 828,778 Fire and general accidents 371,323 1,857,667 Marine and aviation 1,335,923 Employee benefits, medical and personal assurance (101,193) 27,986,224 Total - Exhibit B 387,531 39,632,540		50 June 2019	30 June 2018
ccidents 371,323 1,323 1,323 1,333 s. medical and personal assurance (101,193) 27,31 39,		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
ccidents 371,323 1,323 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	stor	(8.940)	7 623 049
ccidents 371,323 1, on 31,571 1, s, medical and personal assurance (101,193) 27, s 387,531 39.	ginecring	04 770	047,530,
on 31,571 s, medical and personal assurance (101,193)	c and general accidents	371 373	07/070
8, medical and personal assurance (101,193) 387,531	nine and aviation	17.5	1,327,007
387,531	aployee benefits, medical and personal assurance	(101 193)	77 086 77
	tal - Exhibit B	387,531	39,632,540

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AMOUNTS ARE EXPRESSED IN U.A.E. DIRHAMS)

22. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

This item consists of the following:

30 June 2019

31 December 2018

(Unaudited)

(Audited)

Letters of guarantee

2,068,600

9,197,929

23. GENERAL

The figures in the consolidated interim financial statements are rounded to the nearest Dirham of United Arab Emirates.

24. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue.