SHARJAH INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

Review report and interim financial information for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

SHARJAH INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

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Deloitte.

Deloitte & Touche (M.E.) UAB Tower - Level 13 Al Buhairah Corniche P.O. Box 5470 Sharjah United Arab Emirates

Tel: +971 (0) 6 517 9500 Fax:+971 (0) 6 517 9501 www.deloitte.com

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Board of Directors
Sharjah Insurance Company P.S.C.
Sharjah
United Arab Emirates

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed statement of financial position of Sharjah Insurance Company P.S.C. (the "Company") - Sharjah, United Arab Emirates as at 30 September 2017 and the related condensed statement of income, condensed statement of comprehensive income, condensed statement of changes in equity and condensed statement of cash flows for the nine months period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34: "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34: "Interim Financial Reporting".

Deloitte & Touche (M.E.)

Signed by:

Samir Madbak

Registration No. 386

14 November 2017

Sharjah, United Arab Emirates

Anis Sadek (521), Cynthia Corby (995), Georges Najem (809), Mohammad Khamees Al Tah (717), Musa Ramahi (872), Mutasem Dajani (726), Rama Padmanabha Acharya (701) and Samir Madbak (386) are registered practising auditors with the UAE Ministry of Economy.

Condensed statement of financial position at 30 September 2017

	Notes	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
		(unaudited)	(audited)
ASSETS		AED	AED
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment		1,320,694	742,371
Investment properties	4	55,730,000	55,730,000
Investments designated at fair value through		120 1944 A.E. NO 1200 AREA AND AND AND A	
other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	5	114,158,751	141,650,335
Statutory deposit	6	5,000,000	2,500,000
Total non-current assets		176,209,445	200,622,706
Current assets			
Reinsurance contract assets	7	66,849,025	65,026,316
Insurance and other receivables	8	59,549,554	63,194,996
Investments at fair value through			
profit or loss (FVTPL)	5	35,417,970	38,766,369
Bank balances and cash	9	30,771,253	4,932,627
Total current assets		192,587,802	171,920,308
Total assets		368,797,247	372,543,014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	10	137,500,000	137,500,000
Statutory reserve		42,455,173	42,455,173
Voluntary reserve		30,000,000	30,000,000
Cumulative change in fair value of financial		12472764 (12476) 7248768	1000 200 2000
investments designated at FVTOCI		(116,728,426)	(120,218,704)
Retained earnings		125,618,994	113,968,124
Total equity		218,845,741	203,704,593
Non-current liabilities		50 Wester (2000)	7 KI 1 KI DHART KILIT K
Provision for employees' end of service indemnity		1,488,303	1,545,624
Current liabilities			a svenenni nemes
Insurance contract liabilities	7	109,637,921	118,357,433
Insurance and other payables	11	38,191,907	44,216,903
Bank overdrafts	12	633,375	4,718,461
Total current liabilities		148,463,203	167,292,797
Total liabilities		149,951,506	168,838,421
Total equity and liabilities		368,797,247	372,543,014
20			Mode

Board of Directors

General Manager

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Condensed statement of income (unaudited) for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

		Three months	s period ended 30 September		period ended 30 September
	Notes	2017 AED	2016 AED	2017 AED	2016 AED
Insurance premium Less: Insurance premium ceded to	13	14,651,224	17,102,064	47,159,915	52,009,598
reinsurers	13	(7,823,915)	(5,400,915)	(21,782,627)	(25,807,519)
Net insurance premium	13	6,827,309	11,701,149	25,377,288	26,202,079
Gross claims incurred Reinsurance share of claims incurred		(1,824,564) (1,342,045)	(11,888,660) 8,538,468	(19,983,829) 6,811,242	(82,034,636) 53,126,027
Net claims incurred		(3,166,609)	(3,350,192)	(13,172,587)	(28,908,609)
Net commission earned		1,767,091	616,934	8,184,541	5,856,322
Underwriting profit		5,427,791	8,967,891	20,389,242	3,149,792
General and administrative expenses relating to underwriting activities		(2,443,548)	(2,727,993)	(9,162,990)	(8,229,331)
Net underwriting profit/(loss)		2,984,243	6,239,898	11,226,252	(5,079,539)
Investment and other income Finance costs		1,871,587 (19,988)	992,264 (26,411)	12,830,019 (108,467)	10,372,369 (38,621)
Unallocated general and administrative expenses		(430,861)	(481,410)	(1,610,116)	(1,446,059)
Profit for the period	9	4,404,981	6,724,341	22,337,688	3,808,150
Basic earnings per share	14	0.03	0.05	0.16	0.03

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Condensed statement of comprehensive income (unaudited) for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

	Three months period ended 30 September		Nine months period end 30 Septemb		
	2017 AED	2016 AED	2017 AED	2016 AED	
Profit for the period	4,404,981	6,724,341	22,337,688	3,808,150	
Other comprehensive income/(loss):					
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Net fair value gain/(losses) on revaluation of investments designated at FVTOCI	1,946,074	(2,120,384)	(2,816,648)	(49,564,430)	
Gain/(loss) on sale of investment designated at FVTOCI	3,726,319	(297,831)	5,745,108	178,440	
Total other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	5,672,393	(2,418,215)	2,928,460	(49,385,990)	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	10,077,374	4,306,126	25,266,148	(45,577,840)	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

SHARJAH INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

Condensed statement of changes in equity for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

Cumulative changes in fair value of investments designated at FVTOCI earnings Total AED AED	(67,256,177) 106,180,129 246,948,294	- 3,808,150 3,808,150 (49,564,430) 178,440 (49,385,990)	(49,564,430) 3,986,590 (45,577,840)	- (2,891,890) (2,891,890) - (6,875,000)	(113,928,717) 100,399,829 194,495,454	(120,218,704) 113,968,124 203,704,593	- 22,337,688 22,337,688 (2,816,648) 5,745,108 2,928,460	(2,816,648) 28,082,796 25,266,148	6,306,926 (6,306,926) - (500,000) (500,000) - (9,625,000) (9,625,000)	(116,728,426) 125,618,994 218,845,741
Voluntary reserve AED	30,000,000	1 1	0		30,000,000	30,000,000	1 1	ı	t 1	30,000,000
Statutory reserve AED	40,524,342			X .	40,524,342	42,455,173				42,455,173
Share capital AED	137,500,000	1 1		î î	137,500,000	137,500,000	3 W	,) 3 3	137,500,000
	Balance at 31 December 2015 (audited)	Profit for the period Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	Transfer to retained earnings on disposal of investments at FVTOCI Dividends (Note 19)	Balance at 30 September 2016 (unaudited)	Balance at 31 December 2016 (audited)	Profit for the period Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	Transfer to retained earnings on disposal of investments at FVTOCI Directors' remuneration (Note 19) Dividends (Note 19)	Balance at 30 September 2017 (unaudited)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

Condensed statement of cash flows (unaudited) for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017

	Nine months period end	
	2017	2016
	AED	AED
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the period Adjustments for:	22,337,688	3,808,150
Depreciation of property and equipment	482,689	393,911
Provision for end of service indemnity	98,645	154,552
Investment income	(12,830,019)	(10,372,369)
Finance costs	108,467	38,621
Operating cash flow before changes in operating		-
assets and liabilities	10,197,470	(5,977,135)
Increase in reinsurance contract assets	(1,822,709)	(47,719,487)
(Increase)/decrease in insurance and other receivables	3,645,442	(22,848,653)
Increase in insurance contract liabilities	(8,719,512)	52,805,857
Decrease in insurance and other payables	(6,024,996)	(2,234,066)
Cash used in operations	(2,724,305)	(25,973,484)
End of service indemnity paid	(155,966)	(401,669)
Finance cost paid	(108,467)	(38,621)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,988,738)	(26,413,774)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,061,012)	(280,333)
Purchase of investment designated at FVTOCI	(938,531)	(25,561,876)
Proceeds from disposal of investment designated at FVTOCI	31,358,575	39,492,924
Increase in statutory deposit	(2,500,000)	-
Increase in fixed deposits	(24,000,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of investment designated at	(=1,000,000)	
FVTPL	4,851,046	3,285,400
Dividends received	7,200,446	8,590,830
Investment property income received	3,918,281	1,873,294
Interest received	208,645	60,119
Net cash generated from investing activities	19,037,450	27,460,358
Cash flows from financing activities		
(Decrease)/increase in bank overdrafts	(4,085,086)	2,966,354
Dividends paid	(9,625,000)	(6,875,000)
Director's remuneration	(500,000)	•
Net cash used in financing activities	(14,210,086)	(3,908,646)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,838,626	(2,862,062)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	2,432,627	4,759,110
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period (note 15)	4,271,253	1,897,048

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

1. General information

Sharjah Insurance Company P.S.C. - Sharjah (the "Company") is incorporated as a public shareholding company by an Amiri Decree issued by His Highness, The Ruler of Sharjah on 8 March 1970. The Company is subject to the regulations of U.A.E. Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, on Establishment of Insurance Authority and Organization of its Operations and is registered in the Insurance Companies register of Insurance Authority of U.A.E. under registration No.12. The Company operates through its head office in Sharjah and has branches in Dubai and Ajman. The address of the Company's registered office is P.O. Box 792, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates.

The principal activity of the Company is dealing in all types of insurance including life assurance. The Company mainly carries out general insurance business.

2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs")

2.1 New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the condensed financial statements

The following new and revised IFRSs, which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, have been adopted in these condensed financial statements. The application of these revised IFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior years but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

- Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes relating to the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses
- Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.
- Financial improvements to IFRS Standards 2014 2016 Cycle Amendments to IFRS 12
 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities.

2.2 New and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective

The Company has not yet applied the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

New and revised IFRSs

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014 – 2016 Cycle amending IFRS 1 and IAS 28

1 January 2018

- 2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 New and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

New and revised IFRSs

IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

1 January 2018

The interpretation addresses foreign currency transactions or parts of transactions where:

- there is consideration that is denominated or priced in a foreign currency;
- the entity recognises a prepayment asset or a deferred income liability in respect of that consideration, in advance of the recognition of the related asset, expense or income; and
- the prepayment asset or deferred income liability is nonmonetary.

Amendments to IFRS 2 Share Based Payment regarding classification and measurement of share based payment transactions

1 January 2018

Amendments to IFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts*: Relating to the different effective dates of IFRS 9 and the forthcoming new insurance contracts standard.

1 January 2018

Amendments to IAS 40 *Investment Property*: Amends paragraph 57 to state that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when, there is evidence of a change in use. A change of use occurs if property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property. A change in management's intentions for the use of a property by itself does not constitute evidence of a change in use. The paragraph has been amended to state that the list of examples therein is non-exhaustive.

1 January 2018

Finalised version of IFRS 9 (IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (2014)) was issued in July 2014 incorporating requirements for impairment, general hedge accounting and derecognition. This amends classification and measurement requirement of financial assets and introduces new expected loss impairment model.

1 January 2018

A new measurement category of fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) will apply for debt instruments held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

A new impairment model based on expected credit losses will apply to debt instruments measured at amortised costs or FVTOCI, lease receivables, contract assets and certain written loan commitments and financial guarantee contract.

- 2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 New and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective (continued)

New and revised IFRSs

Amendments to IFRS 4: Insurance Contracts which introduces the overlay approach and deferral approach towards implementing IFRS 9 before implementing the replacement standard that the IASB Board is developing for IFRS 4

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, IFRS 15 was issued which established a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer.
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- . Step 3: Determine the transaction price.
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract.
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Under IFRS 15, an entity recognises when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in IFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by IFRS 15.

Amendments to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers to clarify three aspects of the standard (identifying performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, and licensing) and to provide some transition relief for modified contracts and completed contracts.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

When IFRS 9 is first applied or 1 January 2021 under deferral approach.

1 January 2018

- 2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 New and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective (continued)

New and revised IFRSs

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

IFRS 16 Leases

1 January 2019

IFRS 16 specifies how an IFRS reporter will recognise, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17.

Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) relating to the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets from and investor to its associate or joint venture.

Effective date deferred indefinitely

IFRS 17 Insurance contracts. The standard requires insurance liabilities to be measured at a current fulfilment value and provides a more uniform measurement and presentation approach for all insurance contracts. These requirements are designed to achieve the goal of a consistent, principle-based accounting for insurance contracts

1 January 2021

Management anticipates that these new standards, interpretations and amendments will be adopted in the Company's financial statements as and when they are applicable and adoption of these new standards, interpretations and amendments, except for finalised version of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17, may have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company in the period of initial application.

The application of finalised version of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 may have significant impact on amounts reported and disclosures made in the Company's financial statements in respect of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of effects of the application of these standards as the Company is in the process of performing a detailed review.

Summary of significant accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation

These condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) No. 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" and also comply with the applicable requirements of the laws in the U.A.E.

The Company is in the process of aligning the operations with the requirement of the regulations relating to investment operations.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

The condensed financial statements are presented in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED) since that is the currency in which the majority of the Company's transactions are denominated.

These condensed financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments and investment properties.

The accounting policies, presentation and methods in these condensed financial statements are consistent with those used in the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

These condensed financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016. In addition, results for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2017.

3.1.1 Judgements and estimates

The preparation of condensed financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that were applied to the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016.

3.1.2 Financial risk management

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The accounting policies in respect of investment properties, investment in securities and property and equipment are disclosed in these condensed financial statements as required by Securities and Commodities Authority ("SCA") notification dated 12 October 2008.

3.2 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation including properties under construction for such purposes. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Cost includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met; and excludes the cost of day to day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the profit or loss in the period of retirement or disposal.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.3 Property and equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment losses. Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The useful lives considered in the calculation of depreciation for all the assets are 4 - 5 years.

3.4 Investments in securities

3.4.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company designates an investment that is not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) on initial recognition.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 21.

Dividend income on investments in equity instruments at FVTPL is recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with IAS 18 Revenue, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

3.4.2 Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

At initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at fair value through other comprehensive income. Designation at fair value through other comprehensive income is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading.

A financial asset is held-for-trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profittaking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.4 Investments in securities (continued)

3.4.2 Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) (continued)

Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cumulative changes in fair value in equity. When the asset is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the cumulative changes in fair value in equity is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is reclassified to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established in accordance with IAS 18 Revenue.

4. Investment properties

Investment properties include properties mortgaged to the Insurance Authority of U.A.E. amounting to AED 22.95 million (31 December 2016: AED 22.95 million) in accordance with the requirements of U.A.E. Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, on Establishment of Insurance Authority and organisation of its operations (see note 6).

Management estimates that there has been no change in the fair value of investment properties during the nine months period ended 30 September 2017.

Investment properties are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy as at 30 September 2017 (31 December 2016: Level 3) and are located in U.A.E.

5. Investments in securities

(i) Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Quoted – at fair value	108,592,455	136,124,363
Unquoted – at fair value	5,566,296	5,525,972
	114,158,751	141,650,335
In U.A.E.	83,415,174	113,613,066
In other GCC countries	30,743,577	28,037,269
	114,158,751	141,650,335

Financial assets at FVTOCI with fair value of AED 11.22 million (31 December 2016: AED 11.55 million) are pledged to banks against credit facilities granted to the Company (Note 10).

- 5. Investments in securities (continued)
- (ii) Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Quoted – in U.A.E.	35,417,970	38,766,369

6. Statutory deposit

In accordance with the requirements of Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, on Establishment of Insurance Authority of U.A.E. and Organisation of its operations, the Company maintains a bank deposit of AED 5,000,000 (31 December 2016: AED 2,500,000) as a statutory deposit. In addition to the aforementioned fixed deposit there are investment properties with a fair value amounting to AED 22.95 million (31 December 2016: AED 22.95 million) pledged to Insurance Authority.

7. Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets

	30 September 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
Gross		
Insurance contract liabilities		
Claims reported unsettled	65,956,357	71,820,327
Unallocated loss adjustment exposure reserve	1,454,649	2,079,434
Claims incurred but not reported	16,760,122	17,137,301
Unearned premium/unexpired risk reserve	25,466,793	27,320,371
Total insurance contract liabilities, gross	109,637,921	118,357,433
Recoverable from reinsurers	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\
Re-insurance contract assets		
Claims reported unsettled	47,680,276	51,089,533
Claims incurred but not reported	9,291,740	7,698,698
Unearned premium/unexpired risk reserve	9,877,009	6,238,085
Total reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities	66,849,025	65,026,316
Net		
Claims reported unsettled	18,276,081	20,730,794
Unallocated loss adjustment exposure reserve	1,454,649	2,079,434
Claims incurred but not reported	7,468,382	9,438,603
Unearned premium/unexpired risk reserve	15,589,784	21,082,286
	42,788,896	53,331,117

8. Insurance and other receivables

	30 September 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
Receivables arising from insurance		
and reinsurance contracts	2. 4 2024 202 4	
Due from policyholders	26,307,331	32,041,844
Allowance for doubtful debts	(5,561,786)	(5,561,786)
	20,745,545	26,480,058
Due from local insurance companies	32,283,958	37,625,268
Due from foreign insurance companies	13,853,927	11,220,445
Due from brokers	522,345	715,048
Allowance for doubtful debts	(14,676,183)	(14,676,183)
	31,984,047	34,884,578
Other receivables		
Prepayments and others	6,819,962	1,830,360
	59,549,554	63,194,996

The average credit period is 120 days. Due from policyholders outstanding between 180 days and 365 days are provided for (other than for government related entities) based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to past default experience.

The geographical allocation of receivables arising from insurance and reinsurance contracts is as follows:

30 September 2017

	Inside UAE AED	Outside UAE AED	Total AED
Due from policy holders	26,307,331		26,307,331
Due from insurance companies	32,283,958	13,853,927	46,137,885
Due from brokers	522,345	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	522,345
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(10,818,223)	(9,419,746)	(20,237,969)
	48,295,411	4,434,181	52,729,592

8. Insurance and other receivables (continued)

	Due from policyholders AED	Due from insurance companies AED	Due from brokers AED	Total AED
Inside UAE				
Less than 90 days	3,960,724	4,652,693	28,496	8,641,913
91 to 180 days	5,110,904	1,763,358	₽.	6,874,262
181 to 270 days	7,410,504	6,443,346	41,640	13,895,490
271 to 365 days	2,054,715	3,743,726	7,856	5,806,297
More than 365 days	7,770,484	15,680,835	444,353	23,895,672
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(5,561,786)	(5,256,437)		(10,818,223)
	20,745,545	27,027,521	522,345	48,295,411
	Due from policyholders AED	Due from insurance companies AED	Due from brokers AED	Total AED
Outside UAE				
Less than 90 days	(2	3,242,752	=	3,242,752
91 to 180 days	n e	2,771	-	2,771
181 to 270 days	<u>=</u>	7,666	~	7,666
271 to 365 days	÷	380,727	(4)	380,727
More than 365 days	÷	10,220,011	*	10,220,011
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	=	(9,419,746)		(9,419,746)
		4,434,181		4,434,181

8. Insurance and other receivables (continued)

-	Wh.		
31	Decem	ber 2016	

31 December 2016		Inside UAE	Outside UAE	Total
		AED	AED	AED
Due from policy holders		32,041,844	- a	32,041,844
Due from insurance companies		37,625,268	11,220,445	48,845,713
Due from brokers		715,048	-	715,048
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts		(10,818,223)	(9,419,746)	(20,237,969)
		59,563,937	1,800,699	61,364,636
		Due from		
	Due from	insurance	Due from	
	policyholders	companies	brokers	Total
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Inside UAE				
Less than 90 days	6,011,896	9,464,911	145,872	15,622,679
91 to 180 days	3,213,337	1,985,572	53,983	5,252,892
181 to 270 days	4,709,420	12,013,518	24,819	16,747,757
271 to 365 days	8,539,204	11,883,008	15,512	20,437,724
More than 365 days	9,567,987	2,278,259	474,862	12,321,108
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	(5,561,786)	(5,256,437)		(10,818,223)
	26,480,058	32,368,831	715,048	59,563,937
	-			
		Due from		
	Due from	insurance	Due from	
	policyholders	companies	brokers	Total
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Outside UAE				120120420 12 12 1341
Less than 90 days	-	877,116	-	877,116
91 to 180 days	(7	58,869		58,869
181 to 270 days	源	131,296	*	131,296
271 to 365 days	9	559,915	2	559,915
More than 365 days	3	9,593,249	<u> </u>	9,593,249
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	***************************************	(9,419,746)	2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	(9,419,746)
	= = =	1,800,699	2 - 2 - 3	1,800,699

9. Bank balances and cash

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Fixed deposits	26,500,000	2,500,000
Call accounts	53,642	288,205
Current accounts and cash	4,217,611	2,144,422
	30,771,253	4,932,627
Bank balances are held with:		
Banks in U.A.E.	29,241,763	4,279,680
Banks in other G.C.C. countries	1,529,490	652,947
	30,771,253	4,932,627
	0.74	

Fixed deposits amounting to AED 2.5 million (31 December 2016: AED 2.5 million) are under lien against credit facilities granted to the Company (Note 10).

10. Share capital

	30 September 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
Issued and fully paid 137.5 million ordinary shares of AED 1 each	137,500,000	137,500,000

11. Insurance and other payables

	30 September 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED
The control of the property of the control of the c	-	# LENGTH PETER
Payables arising from insurance and reinsurance contracts:		
Trade payables	11,957,820	23,719,047
Due to local insurance companies	3,608,506	5,870,259
Due to foreign insurance companies	11,367,746	5,996,630
Due to brokers	66,518	140,409
Premium reserve withheld	6,812,739	4,716,450
	33,813,329	40,442,795
Other payables Accrued expenses and provisions	1,383,180	1,168,727
Unclaimed dividend	2,562,898	2,562,898
Other payables	432,500	42,483
	38,191,907	44,216,903
Payables – Inside UAE	30 September 2017 (unaudited) AED 22,445,583	31 December 2016 (audited) AED 34,446,165
Payables – Outside UAE	11,367,746	5,996,630
Tayaoles – Ottiside OAL		
	33,813,329	40,442,795
	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Inside UAE		
Trade payables	11,957,820	23,719,047
Due to insurance companies	3,608,506	5,870,259
Due to brokers	66,518	140,409
Premium reserve withheld	6,812,739	4,716,450
	22,445,583	34,446,165

11. Insurance and other payables (continued)

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Outside UAE		
Due to insurance companies	11,367,746	5,996,630

12. Bank overdrafts

Bank overdrafts are secured by lien over fixed deposit of AED 2.50 million and pledge over investments designated at FVTOCI having a fair value of AED 11.22 million (2016: AED 10.27 million).

13. Insurance premium

	Three months period ended 30 September		Nine months period ended 30 September	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	` AEĎ
Gross premium written				
Gross premium written	9,355,955	9,922,485	47,142,971	54,351,351
Change in unearned premium	5,295,269	7,179,579	16,944	(2,341,753)
	14,651,224	17,102,064	47,159,915	52,009,598
	14,031,224		47,139,913	
Reinsurance premium ceded				
Reinsurance premium ceded	(4,232,438)	(2,373,518)	(26,424,671)	(26,983,718)
Change in unearned premium	(3,591,477)	(3,027,397)	4,642,044	1,176,199
		/5 /00 01 5\	(24 802 (28)	(25 807 510)
	(7,823,915)	(5,400,915)	(21,782,627)	(25,807,519)
Net insurance premium	6,827,309	11,701,149	25,377,288	26,202,079

14. Basic earnings per share

	Three months period ended 30 September		Nine months period end 30 Septemb	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Profit for the period (in AED)	4,404,981	6,724,341	22,337,688	3,808,150
Number of shares	137,500,000	137,500,000	137,500,000	137,500,000
Basic earnings per share (in AED)	0.03	0.05	0.16	0.03
		-	****	

15. Cash and cash equivalents

	30 September	30 September
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED
Bank balances and cash	30,771,253	4,397,048
Fixed deposits under lien	(26,500,000)	(2,500,000)
	4,271,253	1,897,048
	Acres de la constanta de la co	

16. Seasonality of results

Investment income for the current period includes dividend income of AED 7,200,446 (nine months period ended 30 September 2016: AED 8,590,830) of which AED 155,368 (three months ended 30 September 2016: AED 414,507) has been recognized in three months ended 30 September 2017.

17. Related party transactions

Related parties include the Company's major Shareholders, Directors and businesses controlled by them and their families over which they exercise significant management influence as well as key management personnel.

17. Related party transactions (continued)

17.1 Balances:

At the end of the reporting period, amounts due from/to related parties included under due from policyholders and gross outstanding claims were as follows:

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Due from policyholders	1,414,131	1,364,893
Gross outstanding claims	186,770	669,743

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given and no expense has been recognised in the period for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

17.2 Transactions:

During the period, the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Three months period ended		Nine months period ended						
	30 September 2017 2016				2017 2016		474.0947.1941.4	2017	30 September 2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)					
	AED	AED	AED	AED					
Gross premiums written	249,208	383,725	1,357,492	1,415,507					
Claims paid	40,431	80,060	121,481	168,410					
Rent expenses	186,250	186,250	558,750	558,750					

The Company has entered into above transactions with related parties which were made on substantially the same terms, as those prevailing at the same time for comparable transactions with third parties.

17.3 Key management compensation

	Three months period ended		Nine months period ended	
	30 September			
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Director's remuneration	*	-	500,000	(,-
Short-term benefits	135,000	120,000	405,000	405,000
Long-term benefits	5,625	5,000	16,875	16,875

18. Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

	30 September	31 December
	2017	2016
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	AED	AED
Letters of guarantee	150,000	131,313
Capital commitments towards intangible assets	672,480	1,000,000

19. Dividends

At the Annual General Meeting held on 27 March 2017, shareholders approved a cash dividend of 7 fils per share amounting to AED 9.63 million for the year 2016 (2016: 5 fils per share amounting to AED 6.88 million for the year 2015). The Shareholders also approved Board of Directors' remuneration of AED 0.5 million for 2016 (2016: Nil).

20. Segment information

The Company is organised into two segments: Underwriting and investments. Underwriting segment is organised into four main business segments, accident and liabilities insurance, fire insurance, marine insurance and other classes of insurance.

These segments are the basis on which the Company reports its primary segment information to the Managing Director.

Insurance premium represents the total income arising from insurance contracts. The Company does not conduct any business outside U.A.E. There are no transactions between the business segments.

Segmental information is presented below:

SHARJAH INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

Notes to the condensed financial statements for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017 (continued)

20. Segment information (continued)

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2017 (unaudited)

Total	AED	47,142,971	24,056,271 (1,718,583) 22,337,688	363,205,300 5,591,947 368,797,247	145,266,930 4,684,576 149,951,506
Investments	AED	I I	12,830,019	231,806,721	
Underwriting	Total AED	47,142,971	11,226,252	131,398,579	145,266,930
	Others AED	652,501	481,301		
	Marine AED	1,099,969	631,461		
	Fire AED	9,499,824	2,747,610		
	Accident and liabilities AED	35,890,677	7,365,880		
		Segment revenue	Segment result (net) Unallocated costs Profit for the period	As at 30 September 2017 (unaudited) Segment assets Unallocated assets	Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities

SHARJAH INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

Notes to the condensed financial statements for the nine months period ended 30 September 2017 (continued)

20. Segment information (continued)

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2016 (unaudited)

nts Total	AED	- 54,351,351	369 5,292,830 (1,484,680) 3,808,150	369,368,016 3,174,998 372,543,014	4,108,522	168,838,421
Investments	AED		10,374,369	238,646,704		
Underwriting	Total AED	54,351,351	(5,079,539)	130,721,312	164,729,899	
	Others AED	800,786	400,020			
	Marine AED	1,740,459	878,675			
	Fire AED	10,293,960	(227,122)		z.	
	Accident and liabilities AED	41,329,924	(6,131,112)			
		Segment revenue	Segment result (net) Unallocated costs Profit for the period	As at 31 December 2016 (audited) Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	Total liabilities

There are no transactions between the business segments.

21. Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

21.1 Fair value of financial instruments carried at amortised cost

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost in the condensed financial statements approximate their fair values.

21.2 Fair value of financial instruments carried at fair value

21.2.1 Valuation techniques and assumptions applied for the purposes of measuring fair value

The fair values of assets are determined using similar valuation techniques and assumptions as used in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

21.2.2 Fair value measurements recognised in the condensed statement of financial position

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

21. Fair value measurements (continued)

21.2 Fair value of financial items carried at fair value (continued)

21.2.2 Fair value measurements recognised in the condensed statement of financial position (continued)

The Company's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined:

Financial	Fair valu	ie as at	Fair	Valuation	Significant	Relationship
assets	30 September 2017 (unaudited) AED	31 December 2016 (audited) AED	value hierarchy	techniques and key inputs	unobservable input	of unobservable inputs to fair value
Investment carried at FVTOCI						
Quoted equity securities	108,592,455	136,124,363	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None.	NA
Unquoted equity securities	5,566,296	5,525,972	Level 3	Net assets valuation method.	Net assets value.	Management has used net assets valuation method, which is appropriate fair value as per managements.
Investment carried at FVTPL						
Quoted equity securities	35,417,970	38,766,369	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None.	NA

There were no transfers between each level during the period. There are no financial liabilities which should be measured at fair value and accordingly no disclosure is made in the above table.

22. Approval of the condensed financial statements

The condensed financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 14 November 2017.